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## (54) SEASONING ENHANCED IN MELLOWNESS, AFTERTASTE AND DELICIOUSNESS

## (57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To obtain an oil-in-water seasoning containing marine product oil (especially, fish oil) and enhanced in mellowness, aftertaste and deliciousness.

SOLUTION: This seasoning is such one as to be particularly used for fish and fish processed products, or some kinds of soup needing to enhance their aftertaste, is obtained by emulsifying oils and fats, preferably fish oil or oils and fats containing fish oil together with an extract to oilin-water type; this seasoning is enhanced in mellowness, aftertaste and deliciousness owing to including oils and fats in gustatory substance(s) (natural products, preferably marine products, more preferably an extract from fish, containing preferably an imidazole compound such as histidine, carnosine, anserine or balenine); this seasoning contains fish oil ≥1 wt.%, preferably ≥10 wt.% in the content of the above-mentioned oils and fats, preferably . 3-based higher unsaturated fatty acids account for ≥10 wt.% of the fatty acids constituting the fish oil and an emulsifier comprising polyglycelol fatty acid ester is used; and the above- mentioned gustatory substance(s) includes deliciousness-based seasoning containing glutamic acid and/or nucleic acid-based seasoning and furthermore containing glutathione.

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## **CLAIMS**

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] The seasoning with which it is the seasoning which made the oil—in—water type emulsify fats and oils and extractives, and mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced by fats and oils being included in a gustatory substance.

[Claim 2] The seasoning of claim 1 which is fats and oils with which the above-mentioned fats and oils contain fish oil or fish oil.

[Claim 3] The seasoning of claim 2 which is that in which the above-mentioned fats and oils contain 1% of the weight or more of fish oil.

[Claim 4] The seasoning of claim 3 which is that in which the above-mentioned fats and oils contain 10% of the weight or more of fish oil.

[Claim 5] The seasoning of claims 2, 3, or 4 which are what contains omega3 system higher unsaturated fatty acid 10% or more among the fatty acids with which the above-mentioned fish oil constitutes it.

[Claim 6] The seasoning of claims 2, 3, or 4 whose above-mentioned fish oil is purification fish oil.

[Claim 7] Claim 1 for which the emulsifier which consists of polyglyceryl fatty acid ester is used thru/or one seasoning of 6.

[Claim 8] Claim 1 whose above-mentioned gustatory substances are the extractives extracted from the natural product thru/or one seasoning of 7.

[Claim 9] The seasoning of claim 8 with which the above-mentioned extractives contain imidazole compounds, such as a histidine, carnosine, anserine, and balenine.

[Claim 10] Claim 1 which is the taste system seasoning with which the above-mentioned gustatory substance contained glutamic acid and/or a nucleotide flavor thru/or one seasoning of 9.

[Claim 11] The seasoning of claims 8, 9, or 10 with which the above-mentioned gustatory substance contains a glutathione further.

[Claim 12] Claim 8 whose above-mentioned natural product is a marine product thru/or one seasoning of 11.

[Claim 13] The seasoning of claim 12 whose above-mentioned marine products are fishes.

[Claim 14] Claim 1 whose seasoning is for fishes and fishes workpieces thru/or one seasoning of 13.

[Claim 15] The seasoning of claim 14 which a seasoning soaks and is for a fish, roast fish, boiled fish, and/or boiled fish paste.

[Claim 16] Claim 1 which are the soup for which a seasoning needs the increment in aftertaste thru/or one seasoning of 15.

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## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

# [Detailed Description of the Invention] [0001]

[The field of the invention of an industrial place] This invention relates to the oil-in-water type seasoning with which the mellowness characterized by including fats and oils, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced, and its use.

## [0002]

[Description of the Prior Art] As the base of the conventional various dishes, extractives, such as meat extractives, fish-and-shellfishes extractives, and vegetable extractives, are widely used considering business use as a core. The function of these extractives is supposed that food is compensated with lack of the food ingredient which gives the complicated taste and width of face etc. However, the extractives extracted from the natural product among the extractives system seasonings actually used are the part, and other [ many of ] is the workpieces and substitutes which blended a proteolysis object, various amino acid, etc. The function of these workpieces and a substitute has the fault that taste is simple, as compared with natural extractives.

[0003] next, mellower [ considering natural extractives, / have / taste / complexity and substance and ] than a workpiece and a substitute — etc. — although there is the advantage, if the description of the further mellowness, the further strength of aftertaste, etc. is given in addition to this, worth of extractives [ itself ] will improve, and it becomes possible to use for more applications. On the other hand, considering fats and oils, it is said that the food and the seasoning with which fats and oils are contained are delicious. When an example is given, the fish in which fat was, meat, ice cream, a dressing, etc. are applied. These are considered that change of mouthfeel by fats and oils being contained and grant (at the time [ Especially ] of heating) of peculiar aroma have influenced. For example, the KUKKUDO flavor of hamburger PATI using beef has the report which changes with classes of fat (Japanese \*\*\*\*\*, 65,142 to 148 reference). Moreover, non-heated fats and oils adhere to food, and it is reported that the smoothness of the opening point by fats and oils is given (oil chemistry, 28 and 724, 1979 reference). [0004] If fats and oils are independent, while there is a report (fats and oils, 49, 7, 1996) of being near, tasteless about the effect fats and oils affect taste, recent years come and fats and oils are directly made for Seki, then the said report by taste. However, the contents are not uniform by the reporter. That is, in food, a seasoning, etc. with which fats and oils are contained, there are many still unknown parts about what kind of effect fats and oils have had on the taste. Although the taste effectiveness of the fats and oils which \*\*\*\*\* and are contained in waste fluid is observed in JP,8-126482,A, it limits to that by which the effectiveness exposed the fats and oils to be used from few things, and was collected from waste fluid in refined oil. JP,10-108641,A -- industrial processing of fats and oils, especially fish and shellfishes -- although it is in process and the seasoning of a water-in-oil type is proposed paying attention to the effect affect the taste of the fats and oils to derive, it is not thought that the effectiveness about the taste of important fishery fats and oils is completely pulled out from it being necessary to dilute with the lowness of the oxidation stability of fishery fats and oils, therefore extremely stable common vegetable oil and fat.

## [0005]

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] This invention aims at offering the fishery fats-and-oils (especially fish oil) content oil-in-water type seasoning with which the strength of mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste was increased.

[0006]

[Means for Solving the Problem] This inventions are fats and oils, the fats and oils which contain fish oil or fish oil preferably, and the seasoning which made the oil—in—water type emulsify extractives, and make the summary the seasoning with which mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced by fats and oils being included in a gustatory substance.

[0007] The above-mentioned fats and oils contain 10% of the weight or more of fish oil preferably 1% of the weight or more, and it is the seasoning with which this invention is the seasoning which made the oil-in-water type emulsify fish oil, or the fats and oils which contain 10% of the weight or more of fish oil preferably 1% of the weight or more and extractives, and mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced by fats and oils being included in a gustatory substance in that case. It is the fish oil which contains omega3 system higher unsaturated fatty acid 10% or more 10% or more among the fatty acids with which the above-mentioned fish oil constitutes it among the fatty acids with which this invention constitutes it in that case including omega3 system higher unsaturated fatty acid, or the fats and oils which contain this 10% of the weight or more of fish oil preferably 1% of the weight or more and the seasoning which made the oil-in-water type emulsify extractives, and is the seasoning with which mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced by fats and oils being included in a gustatory substance.

[0008] The fish oil used with the seasoning of this invention is purification fish oil preferably. Moreover, in the seasoning of this invention, the emulsifier which consists of polyglyceryl fatty acid ester is used. further — again — the seasoning of this invention — setting — the above—mentioned gustatory substance — a natural product — they are a marine product and the extractives more preferably extracted from fishes preferably. The above—mentioned extractives contain imidazole compounds, such as a histidine, carnosine, anserine, and balenine. Moreover, the above—mentioned gustatory substance is a taste system seasoning containing glutamic acid and/or a nucleotide flavor. The above—mentioned gustatory substance contains a glutathione further. Moreover, a seasoning soaks this invention and it is the fishes a fish, roast fish, boiled fish, for boiled fish paste, etc., and for fishes workpieces. Moreover, this inventions are soup for which a seasoning needs the increment in aftertaste.

[0009]

[Embodiment of the Invention] In order that this invention persons may get the seasoning with which the strength of mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste was increased, as a result of repeating various examination, the seasoning which made the oil-in-water type emulsify specific fats and oils and extractives found out having the strength of high mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste. In addition, the sharp tastes, such as an acid taste and bitterness, are stopped and the taste which wears \*\*\*\*\*\* is expressed as the "mellowness" told to this invention.

[0010] That in which the above-mentioned fats and oils contain 120 or more fats and oils especially fish oil, or fish oil preferably the 80 or more iodine numbers, What contains 10% of the weight or more of fish oil more preferably 1% of the weight or more, Especially fish oil is purification fish oil or a tuna oil, a bonito oil, and/or sardine oil. The above-mentioned fish oil is what contains omega3 system higher unsaturated fatty acid 10% or more among the fatty acids which constitute it. The desirable mode of this invention It is the seasoning which made the oil-in-water type emulsify fats and oils and extractives, and fats and oils are included in a gustatory substance, That in which the fats and oils contain 120 or more fats and oils especially fish oil, or fish oil preferably the 80 or more iodine numbers, What contains 10% of the weight or more of fish oil more preferably 1% of the weight or more, Especially fish oil is purification fish oil or a tuna oil, a bonito oil, and/or sardine oil, and it is the seasoning with which mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced because it is what contains omega3 system higher unsaturated fatty acid 10% or more among the fatty acids with which the above-mentioned fish oil constitutes it. [0011] The above-mentioned emulsifier consists of polyglyceryl fatty acid ester, and the desirable mode of this invention is the seasoning which made the oil-in-water type emulsify fats

and oils and extractives, and is the seasoning with which mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced by fats and oils being included in a gustatory substance, using polyglyceryl fatty acid ester as an emulsifier.

[0012] the above-mentioned gustatory substance — a natural product, especially a marine product — desirable — fishes — concrete — salmons — The extractives extracted from bonitos and/or tunas, especially carnosine, They are the extractives containing anserine and an imidazole dipeptide called balenine. The desirable mode of this invention It is the seasoning which made the oil-in-water type emulsify fats and oils and extractives, and fats and oils are included in a gustatory substance, the gustatory substance — a natural product, especially a marine product — desirable — fishes — concrete — salmons — It is the seasoning with which mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced because they are the extractives containing the extractives extracted from bonitos and/or tunas especially carnosine, anserine, and an imidazole dipeptide called balenine.

[0013] The above-mentioned gustatory substance is a taste system seasoning containing glutamic acid and/or a nucleotide flavor, and it is the seasoning with which this invention made the oil-in-water type emulsify fats and oils and extractives in that case including a glutathione further preferably, fats and oils' being included in a gustatory substance and its gustatory substance are the taste system seasonings containing glutamic acid and/or a nucleotide flavor, and it is the seasoning with which mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced by a glutathione being included further preferably. The Quoc taste enhancing effect of a glutathione is reinforced that in which the gustatory substance contained amino acid and a proteolysis object, and by including a glutathione in these extractives further.

[0014] a seasoning — fishes and the object for fishes workpieces — desirable — roast fish, boiled fish, and/or the object for boiled fish paste — It was called still more preferably the Nishikyo \*\*\*\*, fish preserved in miso, \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*, mirin \*\*\*\*, and sake lees pickles, soaks, and is for fish. In that case this invention By being the seasoning which made the oil—in—water type emulsify fats and oils and extractives, and fats and oils being included in a gustatory substance, mellowness, the fishes by which aftertaste and a taste were reinforced, and the object for fishes workpieces — desirable — roast fish, boiled fish, and/or the object for boiled fish paste — it was called still more preferably the Nishikyo \*\*\*\*, fish preserved in miso, \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*, mirin \*\*\*\*, and sake lees pickles — it soaks and is a seasoning for fish. Moreover, it is the seasoning which is added by the soup for which a seasoning needs the increment in aftertaste especially the rahmen soup of which substance is required, the soup of the Chinese style, etc., and is added in that case by the soup which this invention is the seasoning which made the oil—in—water type emulsify fats and oils and extractives, and need the increment in the aftertaste by which mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced by fats and oils being included in a gustatory substance.

[0015] Although the class of fats and oils made into an object by this invention is not asked, the fish oil with which it is rich in the higher unsaturated fatty acid of omega3 system 120 or more 80 or more when the iodine number looks at the enhancing effect of aftertaste and a taste especially preferably is the most desirable. This is considered because the effectiveness over taste changes with classes of fatty acid which forms fats and oils. Moreover, although whenever [ fats and oils purification—] is not asked, it will be satisfactory if it is the level currently refined as food—grade fats and oils marketed. As an amount of fats and oils in a seasoning, it is 5% or more preferably 1% or more. The effect to taste becomes clearer by increasing the amount of fats and oils. When the amount of fats and oils is less than 1%, although based also on the class of fats and oils, the effectiveness over taste is hard to be acquired.

[0016] In order to circulate considering this invention as a seasoning, fats and oils and extractives must be uniform. Therefore, it is required to emulsify fats and oils and extractives to homogeneity at an oil—in—water type or a water—in—oil type. Although what kind of thing is sufficient as the emulsification gestalt which will be used if it becomes as it is made homogeneity, an emulsifier, and the emulsification approach as long as fats and oils and extractives become homogeneity, fish oil needs to take a very unstable thing into consideration to oxidation here. That is, it is desirable that they are an oil—in—water type emulsification object

from the field of oxidation stability, especially the oil-in-water type emulsification object using polyglyceryl fatty acid ester as an emulsifier.

[0017] The extractives used for this invention are desirable from the effectiveness that the thing containing the thing extracted from the natural product especially carnosine, anserine, and an imidazole dipeptide called balenine controls oxidation of fats and oils. Moreover, since the effectiveness to the taste according [ what was extracted from the marine product ] to addition of fats and oils is large, it is desirable. Among marine products, since salmons, a bonito, and tunas contain the above-mentioned peptide in abundance, they are the most desirable. Although there are various the extract approaches of extractives, what kind of approach may be used. But although a hot water extract is common, there is an ethanol extract, an acid, or the other approach of carrying out an alkali extract and neutralizing. Although the condensed liquefied extractives are common after an extract, according to this invention, fats and oils can be further added in the liquefied extractives, and it can also use by spray drying etc. with disintegration and the gestalt which corned. Other extractives may be blended in liquefied extractives, or what added other seasonings may be used for them.

[0018] Thus, compared with the time of tasting the seasoning which emulsified fats and oils and extractives and was obtained with an extractives simple substance, an acid taste decreases without the strength of taste changing, sweet taste increases, i.e., it is sensed easy that mellowness is increasing and that the point taste decreases and aftertaste and a taste are increasing. The seasoning used for this invention is desirable from the effectiveness over the taste of amino acid system seasonings, such as HAP, HVP, and a yeast extract, and the fats and oils of reinforcing to it the aftertaste on which the glutamic acid which is the taste matter, and the object which added the nucleic acid related compound (IMP, GMP, AMP) reinforce a taste. Moreover, the object with which the glutathione which is the Quoc taste enhancement matter was added by the above-mentioned seasoning is the most desirable by the synergistic effect with a glutathione. In the seasoning which made the oil-in-water type emulsify the liquid containing fats and oils, extractives, or a seasoning, it becomes the seasoning with which mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced by fats and oils being included in a gustatory substance.

[0019] Although mellowness, aftertaste, and a taste become stronger by using this seasoning for food, as food with which effectiveness shows up notably, a roast fish and fishes [ soak and ] workpiece, such as a fish, boiled fish, and boiled fish paste, is raised. The effectiveness is large, when [ which used \*\* with few fats-and-oils contents, the Spanish mackerel, the Buna salmon, the horse mackerel, etc. for the raw material fish originally especially ] it soaks, a fish soaks and it adds to the floor.

## [0020]

[Function] By considering as the seasoning which emulsified fats and oils and extractives, the balance of aftertaste, a taste, and the point taste serves as a seasoning with the weak point taste, and strong aftertaste and a strong taste whose sweet taste whose acid taste decreases and is increasing. By using the seasoning, the fishery boiled fish paste with which taste is extended (it is strong and continues) can be manufactured. Fish oil (tuna oil) reinforces mellowness and not only aftertaste but a taste specifically as compared with other fats and oils. When the taste matter (glutamic acid, nucleotide flavor) is included as a gustatory substance, the effectiveness of fish oil (tuna oil) increases in multiplication. It is thought that the enhancing effect of a taste is EPA and DHA which are contained in fish oil.

#### [0021]

[Example] An example explains the detail of this invention. The invention in this application is not limited at all by these examples.

[0022] 0.5g of emulsifiers was added to extractives (ex.100ml / 100g of fish meat) 90g which carried out the water extract from fatty tuna among the example 1 refrigeration big-eyed tuna, 10g of tuna oils was added further, mixed churning was carried out for 30 seconds by the De Dis parser, and the seasoning was obtained.

[0023] 0.5g of emulsifiers was added to extractives 70g prepared in the example 2 example 1, 30g of tuna oils was added further, mixed churning was carried out for 30 seconds by the De Dis

parser, and the seasoning was obtained.

[0024] 0.5g of emulsifiers was added to extractives 90g prepared in the example of comparison 1 example 1, 10g of soybean oil was added further, mixed churning was carried out for 30 seconds by the De Dis parser, and the seasoning was obtained.

[0025] 0.5g of emulsifiers was added to extractives 90g prepared in the example of comparison 2 example 1, 10g of lard was added further, mixed churning was carried out for 30 seconds by the De Dis parser, and the seasoning was obtained.

[0026] 2% of the weight of polyglyceryl fatty acid ester was dissolved in the commercial concentration bonito extractives adjusted to example 3BRIX40 as an emulsifier, and the aqueous phase was obtained. The tuna oil used in the example 1 of this aqueous phase and same weight was added, it emulsified to homogeneity in the homomixer, and tuna oil addition extractives were obtained. These tuna oil addition extractives were added to the Nishikyo \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* by the following combination, and the fillet of a Spanish mackerel was soaked in this and it soaked in it for bottom two days of lump refrigeration. In addition, it soaked and advantage was taken in the sliced Spanish mackerel of the same weight per 1kg of floors. Seasoning of the front face of the soaked Spanish mackerel was wiped, and organic-functions evaluation was presented after baking. In addition, the Spanish mackerel which carried out equivalent addition of the bonito extractives as a comparison and which is soaked (a tuna oil is not included) and soaked to the floor was calcinated similarly, and organic-functions evaluation was presented. Nishikyo \*\*\*\*\*\*\* presentation white miso 50% mirin 30% tuna oil addition bonito extractives 20% [0027] example 4 marketing roast meat -- \*\* -- it was alike, 10% of tuna oil which came out of comparatively and which was used in the example 1 was added, it mixed and

emulsified to homogeneity in ROBOKUPU, and tuna oil addition \*\*\*\* was obtained. this tuna oil -- addition - it was alike, cow internal organs (intestines; hormone) were soaked, and it saved for bottom ten days of lump refrigeration. Organic-functions evaluation was presented with the soaked internal organs as broiled pig innards after baking. In addition, the internal organs which hang down as a comparison and were soaked with the chisel (a tuna oil is not included) were calcinated similarly, and organic-functions evaluation was presented.

[0028] 0.5g of emulsifiers was added to extractives 100g prepared in the example of comparison 3 example 1, and mixed churning was carried out for 30 seconds by the De Dis parser. [0029] Organic-functions evaluation was performed about the seasoning obtained in example 5 examples 1-2 and the examples 1-3 of a comparison. The result was shown in Table 1. Organicfunctions evaluation was carried out by nine skilled panels. It is made to answer that the taste of 100 in all, and sweet taste, saline-taste, acid taste, bitterness, and taste - and others is set to 100 in all by the point taste and aftertaste. In the strength of aftertaste, the result of the strength of the strength of sweet taste and an acid taste was extracted in the table, and it was

shown in it. Furthermore, mellowness was also shown in accordance with Table 1. [0030]

[Table 1]

- strength of aftertaste Strength of sweet taste Strength of --- example 1 58 22 32 O --an acid taste Mellowness Example 1 of - example 2 58 30 24 O ----- Example 2 of comparison 48 21 comparison 48 26 28\*\* ---- Example 3 of a comparison 30 7 49 x ---- [0031] Aftertaste is stronger than the examples 1-3 of a comparison, and, as for examples 1 and 2, each is understood that the increment and the acid taste are decreasing [ sweet taste ]. The example 2 had remarkable effectiveness especially. Moreover, mellowness was a result with examples 1 and 2 better than the examples 1-3 of a comparison, and especially the example 2 was a notably good result. When the panel was made to carry out free description about the description of the seasoning in an example 1 and an example 2 furthermore, the expression with it was seen. [ "good / the balance of the taste /", "a feeling of extractives is strong and excellent in a quality target" ] [0032] Organic-functions evaluation was carried out about Spanish mackerel Nishikyo \*\*\*\*

obtained in the example 6 example 3. The result was as follows. Compared with a bonito

extractives independent, the thing using tuna oil addition extractives was intentionally identified by the three-point identifying method, and was texture with them. [ a taste, strong and aftertaste and ] [ soft ]

[0033] The organic-functions evaluation result was carried out about the broiled pig innards obtained in the example 7 example 4. The result was as follows. The thing using tuna oil addition \*\*\*\* hung down, was compared independently, was intentionally identified by the three-point identifying method, and was texture with them. [ sweet taste, aftertaste, a strong and taste, and ] [ soft ] Moreover, evaluation that the tuna oil addition \*\*\*\* was mellower as a free opinion of a panel was obtained.

[0034] In addition, it emulsified by the De Dis parser so that each fats—and—oils content might become the water solution (0.5% content of emulsifiers) of the typical compound which has five basic tastes, such as example 8 sweet taste, a saline taste, an acid taste, bitterness, and a taste, with 10%. The result of having expressed the strength of each primary taste of fats—and—oils a non-added water solution, and a fats—and—oils addition emulsification object using Indow's and others tau scale was described in <u>drawing 1</u>. In the leucine and quinine fulfate in which the lactic acid in which an acid taste is shown, a histidine lactate, and bitterness are shown, glutamic—acid Na (MSG) which shows a taste, and inosinic acid Na(IMP)+MSG, the difference arising from a fats—and—oils kind was checked with the significant difference of 5% of level of significance as a result of analysis of variance, setting the tuna oil especially to MSG and IMP+MSG which show a taste, soybean oil and corn oil fell or (MSG) maintained the reinforcement of a taste—it was (IMP+MSG)—the taste was maintained and (MSG) reinforced to the thing (IMP+MSG).

[0035] The tuna oil was added 10% in the example 9 proteolysis object water solution (BRIX45, 0.5% of emulsifiers) HAP, and by the De Dis parser during 30 seconds, churning mixing was carried out and it emulsified. Moreover, water-solution HAP+GSH which added the reduced glutathione of a reagent to addition hydrolyzate 0.2%, and was dissolved was prepared, and it emulsified similarly. The ranking method of -4-+4 points estimated each sample when making evaluation of the sample HAP of the example of a comparison into zero point using 15 often trained organoleptic-test panels. The result is shown in Table 3. Compared with the non-added water solution, as for the emulsification object which added the tuna oil, aftertaste, sweet taste, and a taste became strong.

[0036]

[Table 2]

(.00.0 = 1			
	後味	甘味	うま味
蛋白加水分解物(HAP)	0	0	0
HAP+マグロ油	2	2	2
HAP+GSH	1	0 0	1
HAP+GSH+マグロ油	3~4	2	3~4

#### [0037]

[Effect of the Invention] The balance of the aftertaste and the point taste with a strong taste can offer the seasoning with the weak point taste and strong aftertaste whose sweet taste whose acid taste decreases and is increasing. For example, the seasoning with which the mellowness which can manufacture the fishery boiled fish paste with which taste is extended (it is strong and continues), aftertaste, and a taste were reinforced can be offered. the fishes and the fishes workpiece with which aftertaste and a taste were reinforced using the seasoning of this invention — concrete — roast fish, boiled fish, and/or boiled fish paste — it was more specifically called the Nishikyo \*\*\*\*, fish preserved in miso, \*\*\*\*\*\*\*, mirin \*\*\*\*, and sake lees pickles — it can soak and a fish can be offered.

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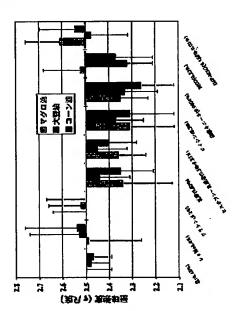
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#### (54) 【発明の名称】 まろやかさ、後味、うま味が増雑された調味料

#### (57)【要約】

【課題】 まろやかさ、後味、うま味の強さが増加され た水産油脂(特に魚油)含有水中油型調味料の提供。 【解決手段】 油脂、好ましくは魚油または魚油を含有 する油脂とエキスを水中油型に乳化させた餌味料であっ て、星味物質(天然物、好ましくは水産物、より好まし くは無額より抽出されたエキス。好ましくはヒスチジ ン、カルノシン、アンセリン、バレニンといったイミダ ゾール化合物を含む。)に油脂を含むことでまるやか さ、後條、うま味が増強された調除料、特に魚類及び魚 類加工品用、後味の増加を必要とするスープ類用のも の。上記の油脂が1宜量%以上、好ましくは10重量% 以上の急結、好ましくはそれを構成する脂肪酸のうちの 3系高度不飽和脂肪酸を10%以上含むものである。ボ リグリセリン脂肪酸エステルからなる乳化剤が用いられ ている。上記の呈味物質はグルタミン酸もよび/または 核酸系調味料を含んだうま味系調味料。さらにグルタチ オンを含んだものである。



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特閥2001-78702

#### 【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 油脳とエキスを水中抽型に乳化させた調 味料であって、量味物質に抽脳を含むことであるやか さ、後味、うま味が増強された調味料。

【贈求項2】 上記の独指が魚油または魚油を含有する 油脂である請求項1の顕味料。

【論求項3】 上記の抽指が1 2置%以上の魚油を含有するものである語求項2の調味料。

【語求項4】 上記の独脂が10重量%以上の魚油を含有するものである請求項3の顕映料。

【贈求項5】 上記の息油がそれを構成する脂肪酸のうちω3系高度不飽和脂肪酸を10%以上含むものである請求項2、3または4の調味料。

【請求項6】 上記の魚油が精製魚油である請求項2、 3または4の調味料。

【贈求項7】 ポリグリセリン脂肪酸エステルからなる 乳化剤が用いられている鼬求項1ないし6のいずれかの 興味料。

【請求項8】 上記の旦味物質が天然物より抽出された エキスである請求項1ないし7のいずれかの類味料。

【請求項9】 上記のエキスがヒスチジン、カルノシン、アンセリン、バレニンといったイミダゾール化台物を含んでいる請求項8の網味料。

【贈求項11】 上記の呈味物質が、さらにグルタチオンを含んだものである請求項8、9または10の調味料

【請求項12】 上記の天然物が水産物である請求項8 ないし11のいずれかの調味料。

【請求項 13】 上記の水産物が魚類である請求項 12 の園味料。

【胴水項14】 調味料が魚類及び魚類加工品用のものである鯖水項1ないし13のいずれかの調味料。

【請求項15】 調味料が漬け魚、焼き魚、煮魚および /または焼り製品用のものである請求項14の調味料。 【請求項16】 調味料が後味の増加を必要とするスープ類である請求項1ないし15のいずれかの調味料。 【発明の詳細な説明】

#### [0001]

【産業場の利用分野】 本発明は油脂を含むことを特徴と するまろやかさ、徒蛛、うま味が増強された水中面型調 味料およびその利用に関する。

#### [0002]

【従来の技術】従来各種料理のベースとして、 密内エキス、 無介領エキス、 野菜エキス等のエキスが業務用を中心として広く用いられている。 これらのエキスの機能は、 食品に複雑な味と幅を与える、 食品材料の不足を絶うなどとされている。 しかし、 実際に使用されるエキス

系関味料のうち、天然物から抽出されたエキスはその一部分であり、その他の多くは蛋白分解物や各種アミノ酸などを配合した加工品および代替品である。これらの加工品および代替品の機能は、天然エキスと比較してみると量味が単純であるという欠点を有している。

【0003】次に天然エキスについて考えると、加工品 や代替品よりも呈味が複雑、コクがあってまるやかであ る等の長所があるものの、これに加えてさらなるまるや かさや後峠の強さ等の特徴を与えればエキスそのものの 価値が向上し、より多くの用途に利用することが可能と なる。一方、油脂について考えると、油脂が含まれてい る食品や顕味鈍はおいしいと言われる。例を挙げると、 脂がのった魚や肉類、アイスクリーム、ドレッシングな どが当てはまる。これらは曲路が含まれることによる食 感の変化、独特の舌気の付与(特に加熱時)が影響して いると考えられている。例えば牛肉を用いたハンバーガ ーパティのクックドフレーバーは、脂肪の種類によって 異なる(日音会報、65.142-148変解)との銀 告がある。また未加熱の油脂は食品に付着し、油脂によ 20 る口触りの滑らかさを与える(油化学、28、724、 1979参照) と報告されている。

【0004】油脂が旦味に及ぼす影響に関しては、油脂 は単独では無味に近いという報告(油脂,49、7, 1 996)がある一方、近年になって油脂が直接的に登除 に関するといった報告がなされている。しかしながち、 その内容は報告者によって一根ではない。すなわち、油 脳が含まれる食品、調味料などにおいて、油脂が味にど のような影響を与えているのか、未だに不明な部分が多 い。特別平8-126482ではすり身晒し廃液に含ま れる曲脳の旦味効果に注目しているが、精製油ではその 効果が少ないことから、使用する独脂を晒し廃液から回 収されたものに限定している。特関平10-10864 1 では油脂、特に魚介類の生産加工工程中で派生する油 脳の呈味に及ぼす影響に着目し、袖中水型の調味料を提 寒しているが、水産油脂の酸化安定性の低さ故に、安定 性の高い一般の植物油脂で登択する必要があることか ち、肝心の水産油脂の量味に関する効果を完全に引き出 しているとは考えられない。

#### [0005]

5 【発明が解決しようとする課題】 本発明はまろやかさ、 後味、うま味の強さが増加された水産抽脂(特に魚油) 含有水中抽型関味料を提供することを目的とする。

#### [0006]

【課題を解決するための手段】 玄発明は、油脂、好ましくは魚油または魚油を含有する油脂とエキスを水中抽型に乳化させた調味料であって、呈味物質に油脂を含むことでまろやかさ、後味、うま味が増強された調味料を要旨としている。

は、食品に彼磁な味と幅を与える、食品材料の不足を第 【0007】上記の袖雕が1章章が以上、好ましくは1 うなどとされている。しかし、実際に使用されるエキス 50 ①重量が以上の魚袖を含有するものであり、その場合、

本発明は、魚泊または1重量%以上、好ましくは10重 置%以上の魚油を含有する油脂とエキスを水中油型に乳 化させた調味料であって、呈味物質に油脂を含むことで まろやかさ、後味、うま味が増強された調味料である。 上記の魚袖がそれを構成する脂肪酸のうちゅ3系高度不 飽和脂肪酸を10%以上含むものであり、その場合、本 発明は、それを構成する脂肪酸のうちω3 系高度不飽和 脂肪酸を10%以上含む魚油、または1点量%以上、好 ましくは10重量%以上の該急油を含得する抽糖とエキ 油脂を含むことでまるやかさ、後峰、うま味が増強され た関味料である。

【0008】本発明の調味料で用いる魚油は好ましくは 精製魚油である。また、本発明の調味料においては、ボ リグリセリン脂肪酸エステルからなる乳化剤が用いられ ている。さらにまた、本発明の調味料においては、上記 の呈味物質が天然物、好ましくは水産物、より好ましく は魚類より抽出されたエキスである。上記のエキスはヒ スチジン、カルノシン、アンセリン、バレエンといった イミダゾール化合物を含むものである。また、上記の星 29 味物質はグルタミン融および/または核酸系調味料を含 んだうま除系調味料である。上記の呈味物質は、さらに グルタチオンを含んだものである。また、本発明は脚峠 料が漬け魚、頬き魚、煮魚および/または纏り製品用な どの無頻及び無類加工品用のものである。また、本発明 は調味料が後味の増加を必要とするスープ類である。

#### [0009]

【発明の真皰の形態】本発明者らは、まろやかさ、後 **峠、うま峠の強さが増加された調峠料を得るために種々** の検討を重ねた結果、特定の油脂とエキスを水中油型に 30 乳化させた調味料が高いまろやかさ、後味、うま味の強 さを有することを見いだした。なお、本発明に言う「ま ろやかさ」とは酸味や苦味などの尖った味が抑えられ、 まるみを帯びている味を表現している。

【0010】上記の袖脂がヨウ素価80以上、好ましく は120以上の値脂、特に魚袖または魚袖を含有するも の、好ましくは1点量%以上、より好ましくは10点量 %以上の魚油を含有するもの、特に魚油が精製魚油、あ るいはマグロ油、カツオ油および/またはイワン油であ り、上記の魚油がそれを構成する脂肪酸のうちω3系高 40 度不認和脂肪酸を10%以上含むものであり、本発明の 好ましい態様は、抽脂とエキスを水中油型に乳化させた 調味料であって、量味物質に抽脂を含むこと、その抽脂 がヨウ素価80以上、好ましくは120以上の油脂、特 に魚油または魚油を含有するもの、好ましくは1重置% 以上、より好ましくは10重量%以上の魚油を含有する もの、特に魚油が精製魚油、あるいはマグロ油、カツオ 油および/またはイワシ油であり、上記の魚油がそれを 構成する脂肪酸のうちω3系高度不飽和脂肪酸を10% 以上含むものであることでまろやかさ、後昧、うま味が 50 後昧、うま味の増強効果を見るとゅ3系の高度不飽和脂

増強された調味料である。

【0011】上記の乳化剤がポリグリセリン脂肪酸エス テルからなり、本発明の好ましい騰機は、油脂とエキス を水中抽型に乳化させた調味料であって、乳化剤として ボリグリセリン脂肪酸エステルを用い、豆味物質に油脂 を含むことでまるやかさ、後味、うま味が増強された調 味料である。

【0012】上記の曼味物質が天然物、特に水産物、好 ましくは急頻、具体的にはサケ領、カツオ領および/ま スを水中袖型に乳化させた関條料であって、旦味物質に 10 たはマグロ領より抽出されたエキス。特にカルノシン、 アンセリン、バレニンといったイミダゾールジペプチド を含んでいるエキスであり、本発明の好ましい感様は、 独脂とエキスを水中独型に乳化させた調味料であって、 皇味物質に油脂を含むこと、その皇味物質が天然物、特 に水産物、好ましくは魚類、具体的にはサケ類。カツオ 領および/またはマグロ類より抽出されたエキス、特に カルノシン、アンセリン、バレニンといったイミダゾー ルジペプチドを含んでいるエキスであることでまるやか さ、後味、うま味が増強された調味料である。

> 【りり13】上記の呈嫁物質がグルタミン酸および/ま たは核酸系調味料を含んだう意味系調味料であり、好ま しくはさらにグルタチオンを含んだものであり、その場 台、本発明は、油脂とエキスを水中油型に乳化させた調 味料であって、星峰物質に油脂を含むこと、その星峰物 質がグルタミン酸および/または核酸系調味料を含んだ うま味系調味料であり、好ましくはさらにグルタチオン を含んだものであることでまるやかさ、後味、うま味が 増強された調味料である。呈味物質がアミノ酸、蛋白加 水分解物を含んだもの、さらにこれらのエキスにグルタ チオンを含むことにより、グルタチオンのコク味増強効 早が増強される。

【0014】調味料が魚類及び魚類側工品用、好ましく は焼き魚、煮魚および/または繰り製品用、さらに好ま しくは西京漬け、味噌漬け、醤油漬け、味醂漬け、粕漬 けといった漬け魚用のものであり、その場合、本発明 は、油脂とエキスを水中油型に乳化させた調味料であっ て、量味物質に油脂を含むことでまるやかさ、後味、う ま味が増強された魚類及び魚類加工品用、好ましくは焼 き魚、魚魚および/または練り製品用。さらに好ましく は西京漬け、味噌漬け、醤油漬け、味醂漬け、粕漬けと いった漬け魚用調味料である。また、調味料が後味の増 加を必要とするスープ類、特にコクを要求されるラーメ ンスープや中華原スープ等に添加されるものであり、そ の場合、本発明は、抽觸とエキスを水中抽型に乳化させ た調味料であって、星味物質に油脂を含むことでまるや かさ、後味、うま味が増強された後味の増加を必要とす るスープ類に添加される調味料である。

【① 0 1 5 】本発明で対象にする独脂の種類は問わない が、ヨウ素価が80以上、好ましくは120以上、特に 肪酸に富む魚油が最も望ましい。このことは鈍脂を形成 している脂肪酸の種類によって曼味に対する効果が異な ってくるためと考えられる。また独脂の精製度は関わな いが、市販されている食品用油脂として精製されている レベルであれば問題がない。調味料中の抽脂質としては 1%以上、好ましくは5%以上である。独脂量を増やす ことで登録に対する影響がより明らかとなる。油脂量が 1%未満の場合、油脂の種類にもよるが具味に対する効 果が得られにくい。

【0016】本発明を脚床料として流道するためには、 袖脂とエキスが均一でなければならない。したがって油 脂とエキスを均一に水中油型もしくは油中水型に乳化す ることが必要である。均一にするだけならば使用する乳 化形態、乳化剤、および乳化方法は油脂とエキスが均一 になればどのようなものでもかまわないが、ここで魚油 は酸化に対して非常に不安定であることを考慮する必要 がある。すなわち、跛化安定性の面から、水中曲型乳化 物。特に乳化剤としてポリグリセリン脂肪酸エステルを 用いた水中钻型乳化物であることが望ましい。

[()()]7]本発明に使用されるエキスは、天然物から 20 抽出されたもの、特にカルノシン、アンセリン、バレニ ンといったイミダゾールジペプチドを含んでいるものが 油脂の酸化を抑制するといった効果から、好ましい。ま た。水産物から抽出されたものが抽脂の添加による味へ の効果が大きいため好ましい。水産物のうち、サケ類、 カツオ、マグロ類は上記ペプチドを豊富に含んでいるた め、最も好ましい。エキスの抽出方法は種々あるが、ど のような方法を用いてもかまわない。もっとも一般的な のは熱水抽出であるが、他にもエタノール抽出、酸また はアルカリ抽出して中和する方法などがある。抽出後、 濃縮した液状エキスが一般的であるが、さらにその液状 エキスに本発明に従い、油脂を添加して、暗霧乾燥等に より粉末化、造粒した形態で用いることもできる。液状 エキスに他のエキスをプレンドしたり、他の調味料を添 加したものを用いても替わない。

【()()18】このようにして独脂とエキスを乳化して得 ちれた調味料は、エキス単体で味わったときとくらべ て、星味の強さは変わらずに酸味が減少し、甘味が増加 するすなわちまろやかさが増加していること、また完味 が減少して後味。うま味が増加していることが容易に感 40 ()秒間複合撹拌し、調味料を得た。 じられる。本発明に使用される調味料はHAP、HV P. 酵母エキスといったアミノ酸系関味料や、それにう ま味物質であるグルタミン酸、核酸関連物質(IMP、 GMP、AMP)を添加した物が、うま味を増強する、 後味を増強するといった油脂の豆味に対する効果から、 好ましい。また、上記の調味料にコク味増強物質である グルタチオンが逐加された物はグルタチオンとの相景効 果により最も好ましい。油脂とエキス、または調味料を 含む液を水中値型に乳化させた調味料において、量味物 質に油脂を含むことでまるやかさ、後味、うま味が増強 50 だサワラの表面の調味を続い、焼成後、官能評価に供し

された題様科となる。

【0019】本諷睬料を食品に使用することにより、ま ろやかさ、後味、うま味がより強くなるが、効果が顕著 に現れる食品としては焼き魚、漬け魚、煮魚、練り製品 といった魚類加工品があげられる。特に元楽油脂含量の 少ないたち類。サワラ、ブナサケ、アジ等を原料魚に使 用した漬け魚の漬け床に添加した場合にその効果は大き Ls.

[0020]

16 【作用】油脂とエキスを乳化した調味料とすることで、 後味、うま味と先蛛のバランスが先味が弱く後味、うま **峨が強い、酸味が減って甘味が増えている頭峰斜とな** る。その顕珠斜を用いることで、夏味ののびる(強くて 持続する) 水産練り製品を製造するととができる。 魚油 (マグロ油) は他の油脂と比較してまるやかさと後味だ けでなく、うま味も特異的に増強する。登味物質として うま味物質(グルタミン酸、核酸系調味料)を含む場 台、魚柚(マグロ油)の効果は相乗的に増加する。 うま 味の増弛効果は無独に含まれるEPA DHAであると 思われる。

[0021]

【実施例】本発明の詳細を実施例で説明する。本願発明 はこれら突施例によって何ら限定されるものではない。 【0022】実統例1

冷炭メバチマグロ中トロから水抽出したエキス(ex. 100m1/無内100g) 90gに乳化剤0.5gを 加え、さらにマグロ油10gを加えてディスパーサーに て30秒間液合撹拌し、調味料を得た。

【0023】実施例2

30 実務例1で調製されたエキス70gに乳化剤0.5gを 加え、さらにマグロ紬30gを加えてディスパーサーに て30秒間混合撹拌し、調味料を得た。

【0024】比較例1

突縮例1で調製されたエキス90gに乳化剤0.5gを 加え、さらに大豆油10gを加えてディスパーサーにて 3 () 科間混合撹拌し、調味料を得た。

【0025】比較例2

実施例1で調製されたエキス90gに乳化剤0.5gを 加え、さらに豚脂10gを加えてディスパーサーにて3

【0026】実施例3

BRIX40に調整した市販濃縮カツオエキスに乳化剤 として2重量%のポリグリをリン脂肪酸エステルを溶解 し、水相を得た。この水相と等重量の実施例1で使用し たマグロ油を加えホモミキサーにて均一に乳化し、マグ 口油添加エキスを得た。このマグロ油添加エキスを以下 の配合で西京漬け用漬け床に加え、これにサワラの切身 を漬け込み冷蔵下2日間漬けた。なお、漬け床1kgに つき、等点量のサワラの切り身をつけ込んだ。漬け込ん

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た。なお、比較としてカツオエキスを等量添加した(マ グロ油を含まない)漬け床にて漬け込まれたサワラを同 機に競成し、官能評価に供した。

#### 西京漬け用漬け床組成

白味噌 5 0% 30% みりん 20% マグロ抽添加カツオエキス

#### [0027]実施例4

市販焼き肉用たれに10%の割合で実施例1で使用した マグロ袖を加え、ロボクープにて均一に復合、乳化し、 マグロ油添加たれを得た。このマグロ油添加たれば、牛 内臓(腸;ホルモン)を漬け込み冷蔵下10日間保存し た。漬け込んだ内臓を、焼成後、ホルモン焼きとして官 能評価に供した。なお、比較としてたれのみ(マグロ油 を含まない)で漬け込まれた内臓を同様に焼成し、官能\* \*評価に供した。

【0028】比較例3

実絡例1で調製されたエキス100gに乳化剤0.5g を加え、ディスパーサーにて30秒間混合撹拌した。

【0029】実統例5

実施例1~2. 比較例1~3で得られた調味料について 官能評価を行った。その結果を表しに示した。官能評価 は熱練したパネル9名にて実施した。 先味・後味を合わ せて100、甘味・塩味・酸味・苦味・旨味・その他の 10 味を合わせて100となるよう回答させたものである。 表には後昧の強さ、甘味の強さ、および酸味の強さの結 果を抜粋して示した。 さらにまろやかさについても衰 1 にあわせて示した。

[0030]

【表1】

	後峰の強さ	甘味の強さ	酸味の強さ	まろやかさ
実施例1	5 8	2 2	3 2	0
実総例2	5 8	3 0	2 4	0
比較例 1	4 8	2 6	2 8	Δ
比較例2	4 8	2 1	3 4	Δ
比較例3	3 0	7	49	×

も後味が強く、首味が増加、酸味が減少していることが わかる。なかでも箕施例2は効果が著しかった。また、 まろやかさは実施例1、2は比較例1~3よりも良好な 結果であり、特に実施例2が顕著に良い結果であった。 さらに実施例1、実施例2における関味料の特徴につい てパネルに自由記述させたところ「味のパランスがよ い」「エキス感が強く、品質的に使れている」等の表現 が見られた。

#### 【0032】実施例6

実施した。結果は、以下のとおりであった。マグロ油添 加エキスを用いたものはカツオエキス単独に比べ、3点 識別法により有意に識別され、うま味、後味が強く、か つ軟らかい内質であった。

#### 【0033】実施例7

真解例4 で得られたホルモン焼きについて官能評価結果 を実施した。結果は、以下のとおりであった。マグロ油 添加たれを用いたものはたれ単独に比べ、3点識別法に より有意に識別され、甘み、後味、うま味が強く、かつ

[0031]実施例1、2はいずれも比較例1~3より 30 マグロ油添加たれの方がまろやかであるとの評価が得ち れた。

## [0034] 実施例8

甘味、塩味、酸味、苦味、うま味といった基本5味を有 する代表的な化合物の水溶液(乳化剤(). 5%含有) に 各油脂含量が10%となるように加え、ディスパーサー にて乳化した。油脂未添加水溶液と油脂添加乳化物のそ れぞれの基本味の強さをIndowらのセスケールを用いて ○ 衰した結果を図1に記した。分散分析の結果、酸味を示

す乳酸、ヒスチジン乳酸塩、苦みを示すロイシン、硫酸 真縫例3 で得られたサワラ西京漬けについて宮館評価を 40 キニーネ、うま味を示すグルタミン酸Na(MSG)、イ ノシン酸Na(!MP)+MSGにおいて油脂種による違 いが危険率5%の有意差を持って確認された。中でもマ グロ油はうま味を示すMSG、IMP+MSGにおいて 大豆油、コーン油はうま味の強度を低下(MSG)、又 は維持した(IMP+MSG)に過ぎなかったのに対 し、うま味を維持(MSG)、増強(IMP+MSG) Lite.

#### 【0035】庚६例9

蛋白加水分解物水溶液(BRIX45, 乳化剤)0.5 歌らかい肉質であった。また、パネルの自由意見として 50 %)HAPに10%マグロ曲を添加し、30秒間ディス

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パーサーにて撹拌混合し乳化した。また、添加別水分解 物に 0.2%試薬の差元型グルタチオンを加え、溶解し た水溶液HAP+GS 目を調製し、同様に乳化した。よ く訓練された官館検査パネル15名を用い、比較例のゲ ンプルHAPの評価を0点とした時の各サンプルを-4\* \*~+4点の順位法により評価した。その結果を表3に示す。マグロ抽を添加した乳化物は未添加水溶液に比べ後味、甘味、うま味が強まった。

[0036]

【表2】

	後味	甘味	うま味
蛋白加水分解物(HAP)	0	0	0
HAP+マグロ油	2	2	2
HAP+GSH	1	0	_1
HAP+GSH+マグロ油	3~4	2	3~4

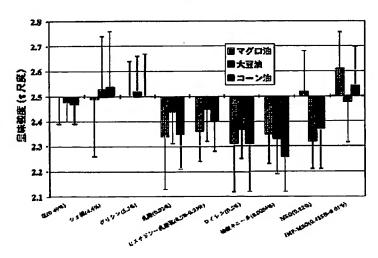
#### [0037]

【発明の効果】うま味が強い、後味と先味のバランスが 先味が弱く後味が強い、酸味が減って甘味が増えている 調味料を提供することができる。例えば、是味ののびる (強くて持続する)水虚練り製品を製造できるまるやか さ、後味、うま味が増強された調味料を提供することが できる。な発明の調味料を用いて、後味、うま味が増強※ ※された魚類及び魚類加工品、具体的には焼き魚、煮魚粉 よび/または練り製品、より具体的には西京漬け、味噌 漬け、醤油漬け、味醂漬け、粕漬けといった漬け魚を提供することができる。

【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】実施例8のマグロ油、大豆油、コーン油の旦蛛 強度を測定した結果を示す図面である。

[図1]



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